THE [Numb. 496.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *November* 7, 1754.

The SPEECH of the Honourable *ROBERT DINWIDDIE*, Eſq; his Majeſty's Lieutenant Governor, and Commander in Chief, of the Colony and Dominion of *VIRGINIA*, to the GENERAL ASSEMBLY, on Thurſday the 17th Day of *October*, 1754.

Gentlemen of the Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Burgeſſes,

I ONCE more call you together, to conſult on the dangerous Situation of your Country, from the unjuſtifiable Invaſion and Encroachments of the *French*; and I am in Hopes, that during your ſhort Receſs, you have ſeriouſly conſidered the miſerable Circumſtances of your Affairs, and, in Courſe, the abſolute Neceſſity of granting immediate, conſiderable, and adequate Supplies; to enable me to put a Stop to their injurious Deſigns, and to drive them from His Majeſty's Lands upon the *Obio*.

I have the Pleaſure to acquaint you, that His Majeſty, conſidering the pernicious Meaſures taken by the *French*, and the great Regard he bears for his Subjects in theſe Colonies, has been graciouſly pleaſed to ſend me Ten Thouſand *Sterling* in Specie, and alſo to order from his Royal Stores, Two Thouſand Stand of Arms, with their proper Accoutrements, which I daily expect the Arrival of, for your Aid and Uſe.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Burgeſſes,

The diſtinguiſhed Marks of His Majeſty's paternal Care for His Subjects in theſe Colonies; His Solicitude for their Safety; and his earneſt Deſires to defeat the Deſigns of the *French*; I hope will raiſe in you a juſt Senſe of Duty and Gratitude to the beſt of Kings, and engage your more effectual Attention to His Majeſty's repeated Commands for granting Supplies.

The Voice of Nature, *Gentlemen*, and what you are ſenſible is among the moſt prevaling Motives of human Actions, your own Intereſt, loudly call on you with the moſt urging Emphaſis, to rouſe from your Inactivity and aſſert their Rights.

And can you continue deaf to ſuch Intreaties? Shall your Poſterity, groaning under the galling Yoke of civil and religious Slavery, deſpoiled of every Thing that renders Life deſirable, amidſt their Deſpondence, find their Miſery ſtill aggravated by reflecting on the Cauſe? That their own Progenitors, who might have tranſmitted to them inviolated, the Liberties, the Properties, and the pure Religion that they enjoyed; by a Supineneſs and Neglect, as unaccountable as it was unnatural, ſuffered all to be taken from them!

Gentlemen, The Eyes of His Majeſty, His Miniſtry, nay, of all your Fellow-Subjects, are fixed on your preſent Determinations. I wiſh I had Words ſtrong enough to convey to you the abſolute Neceſſity there is at this Time for a generous Supply; but Words cannot be ſo ſtrong as Facts. Conſider what the Enemy have done, and what they further threaten to do; and I am convinced that is ſufficient to raiſe the Spirit of every *Britiſh* Subject to an immediate Reſentment, and thorough Reſolution, with their Lives and Fortunes, to repel the impending Ruin.

Let me prevail with you then, *Gentlemen*, to prevent Evils, that, but in Proſpect, muſt affect every ſerious Conſiderer with Horror; and be perſuaded to exert the true Spirit of Patriotiſm, and convince the World that no Motive can impede, or any Conſideration whatever, obſtruct, the great and important Buſineſs now recommended to your Conſideration.

It is at this Time, that, by an Exertion of your Strength, you may anſwer the Expectation of His Majeſty, promote the Intereſt of *Great-Britain*, ſecure the Peace and Happineſs of your Country, and by a brave, vigorous and united Effort, entirely defeat the Machinations of *France*, the ancient Enemy of *Great-Britain*, and the Diſturber of Mankind.

Gentlemen of the Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Burgeſſes.

At this critical Juncture, I ſincerely recommend to you, Harmony and Unanimity, ever propitious to public Counſels, never more indiſpenſably neceſſary than on this Occaſion. Let all Cavil's and Diſputes ſubſide, and cordially unite in concerting the moſt ſuitable Meaſures to be purſued in the preſent evident Emergency. For my Part, I do aſſure you, that I will, with the greateſt Pleaſure, join with you in every Step you take for theſe juſt and ſalutary Purpoſes, agreeably to my Inſtructions.

October 21, 1754.

To the Honourable ROBERT DINWIDDIE, *Eſq; his Majeſty's Lieutenant Governor, and Commander in Chief, of the Colony and Dominion of* VIRGINIA,

The humble ADDRESS of the Council.

SIR,

WE His Majeſty's moſt faithful and loyal Subjects the Council of *Virginia*, now met in General Aſſembly, beg Leave to return your Honour our moſt ſincere and hearty Thanks for your very affectionate and pathetic Speech at the Opening of this Seſſion.

We have ſeriouſly reflected on the dangerous Situation of our Country, from the unjuſtifiable Invaſion and Encroachments of the *French*; and a deep Senſe thereof will determine us to pay all due Attention to the important Buſineſs your Honour has been pleaſed to recommend to our Conſideration.

His Majeſty's paternal Regard for theſe Colonies, the generous Aid he has been pleaſed to grant towards enabling us to repel the deſtructive Machinations of the Enemy, demand our moſt grateful Acknowlegements; and we ſhould think ourſelves unpardonable, if, at this perilous Juncture, we rendered it uſeleſs and abortive, by an ill-timed Parſimony, or failed by ſuitable Supplies to make it adequate to our preſent Exigencies.

Your Honour may therefore rely on our Aſſurance of heartily concurring with the Houſe of Burgeſſes, in all ſuch Meaſures as ſhall be thought neceſſary for advancing his Majeſty's Service, the Intereſt of the *American* Colonies, and for defeating the injurious Deſigns of *France*, the ancient Enemy of *Great Britain*, and the Diſturber of Mankind.

By theſe Means we hope to ſecure our Liberties, Properties and Religion; and to preſerve the numerous Bleſſings we enjoy, to ourſelves and our Poſterity.

In an Affair of ſuch vaſt Importance, we aſſure your Honour, that we will proceed with that Harmony and Unanimity, which is ever propitious to public Counſels, and moſt indeſpenſably neceſſary on this Occaſion.

We acknowlege with the warmeſt Sentiments of Gratitude, your Honour's conſtant and unwearied Application in the Defence and Support of his Majeſty's undoubted Rights, in promoting the true Intereſt and Proſperity of this Country, and for your Readineſs to join with the greateſt Pleaſure, in every Step conducive to theſe juſt and ſalutary Purpoſes.

To which his Honour was pleaſed to return the following ANSWER.

Gentlemen of the Council,

I ſincerely thank you for your kind and affectionate Addreſs. It gives me great Pleaſure to obſerve your grateful Acknowlegement, and true Senſe of His Majeſty's paternal Regard for our Safety, in granting us ſo generous Supplies; and of your Determination of concurring with the Houſe of Burgeſſes, for his Majeſty's Service, and the Intereſt of his American *Colonies.*

The proceeding, at this Time, with Harmony and Unanimity, I doubt not, will be a Means of defeating the wicked Deſigns of our Enemies.

I, with Pleaſure, ſhall continue in doing every Thing in my Power for the Service of his Majeſty, and of this Dominion, and that with the greateſt Alacrity, while I have your Advice and Approbation.

October 21, 1754.

To the Honourable ROBERT DINWIDDIE, *Eſq; his Majeſty's Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, of the Colony and Dominion of* VIRGINIA.

The humble ADDRESS of the Houſe of Burgeſſes.

SIR,

WE His Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects the Burgeſſes of *Virginia*, now met in General Aſſembly, beg Leave to return your Honour Thanks for your Speech to the Council and this Houſe, at the Opening of this Seſſion.

The Aſſiſtance that his Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to grant to the Subjects of this Colony, againſt the pernicious Attempts of the *French*, hath juſtly excited in us the warmeſt Sentiments of Duty and Gratitude for this his paternal Regard.

The Welfare of our Country, as it is indeed a natural Inducement, ſo it hath ever been the only governing Motive in all our Reſolutions, however ill they have been repreſented. And your Honour may be aſſured that we will continue to proceed with ſuch Unanimity and Concord amongſt ourſelves, as may render our Conſultations for the public Good, conducive to that truly wiſe and ſalutary End.

Being thus fully perſuaded of the Juſtice of our own Endeavours, we flatter ourſelves, *Sir*, that our Proceedings in every Caſe, will be ſuch an undeniable Teſtimony to Poſterity of our ſtrict Attachment to their Rights and Properties, that ſhould they ever be ſo unhappy as to groan under the galling Yoke of civil and religious Oppreſſion, it could not be the Effect of any Inactivity, Supineneſs, or Neglect in us the faithful Guardians of their Liberties.

To which his Honour was pleaſed to return the following ANSWER.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Burgeſſes,

I THANK you for your Addreſs, and your grateful Acknowlegements of His Majeſty's paternal Care in granting Aſſiſtance to you in theſe Times of Danger.

Let Openneſs of Heart, mutual Confidence, and a Delight for the Proſperity of your Country, increaſe our Happineſs; and I doubt not you will now conſult the moſt eſſential Methods to extricate ourſelves from the threatned Ruin intended by our Enemies.

And I ſincerely wiſh and deſire, that generous Benevolence, Love and Friendſhip, may be the prevailing Principles of all your public Tranſactions.

BOSTON, October 14.

Part of a Letter from Nova-Scotia, to a Gentleman in New England, September 29, 1754.

"I LONG ago acquainted you that this Province was in the utmoſt Danger upon the firſt Rupture between the two Crowns, of falling into the Hands of the French, who had (according to their uſual Manner of gaining more upon their Neighbours in the Time of Peace than War) contrary to the moſt ſolemn Treaties, ſeized upon Bay Vert, and built a Fort there, to maintain a Communication by Sea with Louiſburg and Canada; that they had built another Fort within Sight of ours, to command the Iſthmus of the Peninſula, and a Communication with the Bay of Fundy and St. John's River, and that they had Poſſeſſion of St. John's River, and built a Fort near the Mouth of it, and another higher up the River; and were Maſters of all the Furr-Trade of that River, which before the late Peace was carried on wholly by the Engliſh: From all which, together with the known Diſpoſition of the French Inhabitants, you will eaſily believe, that upon the firſt Appearance of any confi-

double

derable Force from France, this Province must unavoidably fall into their Hands, there being no Place that is capable of holding out, even for one Day, but Annapolis Royal: And if this should be the Case, which it probably will very soon, you know better than I can tell you, the fatal Consequence to all the rest of the British Colonies in North-America, not to mention, to Great-Britain herself: Yet the French are still suffered to remain unmolested in these unjustifiable Encroachments: Encouraged by that they have lately (and no wonder at it) behaved in the following insolent Manner: Capt. Rouse went with Capt. Kinsey to St. John's River; the Wind was contrary, and prevented their entering it, but they sent their Boats near to the Fort, the French fired upon them from the Fort and from the Vessels near it, which they returned, and stay'd till they took a Sketch of it.—Capt. Rouse threatens that he will return in the Spring and knock it down.—I suppose he means, he hopes by that Time to have sufficient Orders to justify him in such an Action, for I believe, from his known Character, if he had had Orders that would have bore him out in doing it now, he would hardly have Patience to stay till the Spring: ——At the same Time the French are behaving in this insolent perfidious Manner, the Battery at Annapolis-Royal, the only Place capable of making any Defence, is dismounted and the Guns carried to Halifax, as if we were determined to make the Whole an easier Prey to the French.——Tremble then not only for our Fate, by your own likewise in its Turn."

Wednesday last the Rev. Mr. Whitefield came to Town from the Southward, and has preached every Day since (sometimes twice a Day) except Yesterday.

From a Gentleman in Scotland, to his Correspondent in Boston, by the last Ship from thence.

"The Rev. Mr. Tennant, Deputy for the College in New-Jersey, has collected 1500 Pounds Sterling, in England, besides Books and Mathematical Instruments for said College: Seventy Dissenting Ministers, of various Denominations in London, used their united Influence for that End. A general Collection is to be made in North Britain also. Last July Mr. Tennent went to Ireland, to use his Influence there. 'Tis supposed that this will be a Seat of good Literature, and one of the most flourishing Seminaries on the Continent, and will prove of infinite Advantage to the Southern Governments, who are making a constant Demand for Preachers; as the Inhabitants daily increase, their Vacancies are vastly numerous. Emissaries were employed, both at Home and Abroad, to blacken Mr. Tennent, and frustrate his Design, but all proved abortive; he being well provided with ample Recommendations, especially from his Excellency Governor Belcher, who has been a great Friend to this laudable Undertaking."

WILLIAMSBURG.

October 18. The Pleasant. Capt. Younghusband, from London, is arrived at York; by him we are informed, that the ———, Capt. Pearson, was sailed some Time before him, with Arms, &c. for this Colony.

Oct. 25. Yesterday his Excellency Arthur Dobbs, Esq; set out from this City for his Government of North Carolina.

And last Friday arrived at Hampton, his Majesty's Ship Shoreham, Capt. Julian Legge, from New York, and has brought with him the Money granted by that Province, for the Protection of Virginia against the French.

PHILADELPHIA.

October 24. Capt. Kelly from Dublin, spoke with a Vessel from Antigua for New York, the Master of which told him, that on the 14th ult. they had a Hurricane there, by which eleven Sail of Vessels were lost in that Port, and one at Montserrat; and that the rest got out to Sea.

Captain O'Brian of the Sloop Thomas and Elizabeth, from Amboy, informs us, that on the 14th Instant, being off of Cape Charles (one of the Capes of Virginia) he met with a violent Gale of Wind at North East, which laid his Vessel on her Beam Ends, in which Condition she continued for Half an Hour; and the Sea running prodigious high, his Boat, Binacle, and every Thing else on Deck, were swept off, and all lost, except the Binacle: That when the Vessel righted he put her before the Wind, in order to scud, but it blowing still very hard, and the Sea rough, was obliged to lie to for 14 Hours, during which Time he shipt several heavy Seas, and expected to have founder'd every Moment: But that on the 15th the Weather moderated, when he proceeded on his Voyage, and got up here on Sunday last. He says further, that betwixt Cape Charles and our Capes, he saw eight or ten Vessels ashore, two of which seem'd to be large, and almost sunk, about 20 Leagues to the Southward of Cape Henlopen; one large Sloop on Sinepuxent; the others small Vessels.

We are informed by Capt. Stuart, from Jamaica, that on the 17th of last Month, about Four in the Afternoon, being then betwixt Hispaniola and East End of Jamaica, he met with a violent Hurricane from the Northward (the severest of the Gale from North to South East) which lasted 26 Hours, but that he received no Damage by it: That on the 18th, two Leagues to the Westward of Cape St. Maria, he saw a large Vessel, without her Masts, supposed to be a Frenchman, who hoisted a white Jack, and fired a Gun; upon which he bore down for him, but could not speak with him, the Weather was so bad: That all that Day he saw several Masts, Yards, Quantities of Rigging, Sails, &c. and large Trees, that had been torn up by the Violence of the Wind, floating by him, which makes him imagine there has been a great Deal of Damage done in Jamaica: That on the 19th he saw a Ship and Snow go into Cape Nichola Mould, the Ship without her Topmasts.

Capt. Arthur, from the same Island, had the above-mentioned Hurricane likewise, and happily sustained no Loss from it, but is of the Opinion that it must have reached Jamaica. On the 21st of last Month he spoke with the Katie, Capt. Bane, for New York, who had the Gale from the Eastward, and was beat over from the Cape on the Cuba Shore; but the Wind coming about to South West, he luckily got clear.

Capt. Wright from Leogane, in Lat. 31. 40. North, Lon. 73. 33. West, spoke with the Ship Catherine, of London, Charles Johnston, Commander, who had been twenty Days from Jamaica, and told him, he had also had a terrible Gale of Wind, by which about 70 or 80 Hogsheads of his Ground Tier of Sugars were wash'd out; that he believ'd Jamaica had suffered much by the Storm; and that all on board his Ship were well.

ANNAPOLIS.

Sunday Morning last, his Excellency HORATIO SHARPE, Esq; our Governor, returned home in Health, from Virginia: *His Excellency, at* Williamsburg, *received his Majesty's Commission appointing him Commander in Chief of all the Forces that are, or may be, Raised to defend the Frontiers of that, and the neighbouring Colonies, and to repel the unjustifiable Invasion and Encroachments of the* French, *on the River* Ohio.

Early on Monday Morning last died, in Baltimore-Town, *Capt.* THOMAS ASKEW, *Commander of the* Maryland-Merchant, *who maintain'd the Character of a very worthy Commander, and honest Man.*

Capt. Rattray, *in the* Friendship, *is every Day expected here, from* Rotterdam, *with Palatines.*

Thursday the 21st Instant, is appointed for the Election of Four Representatives for this County.

JOHN REEVES, AND GEORGE OTTAWELL, TAYLORS, living in an Apartment adjoining to Mr. *George Johnson's*, Peruke-Maker, in *Annapolis*,

CARRY on the Business of TAYLORING, where Gentlemen and Others may depend on being faithfully served, by

Their most humble Servants,
John Reeves,
George Ottawell.

N. B. The said *George Ottawell* perfectly understands making of Ladies Riding-Habits, and Josephs, in the neatest Manner, having served the most noticed Man in *England*.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Edward Smoot*, in *Charles*-County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-siz'd Dark Bay Gelding, with a large Star in his Forehead, a hanging Mane, dock'd Tail, no Brand to be discovered, and appears to be between five and six Years old.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD,

AN Indented Servant Man's Time, who is a sober young Man, writes a good Hand, and would suit any Gentleman who wants a Clerk. Enquire of the Printer.

STRAY'D, or stolen, out of *Annapolis*, on the 19th of *October* past, a small black Horse, between 11 and 12 Hands high, has a switch Tail, and is branded on the near Buttock with I.

Whoever will bring him to Mr. *Middleton's* in *Annapolis*, shall be well rewarded.

Conformable to LAW,

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Alexander Elder*, at the Fork of *Patuxent*, near Mr. *Snowden's* Iron Works, taken up as a Stray, a small Skew-bald Mare, branded on the near Buttock C, has a white Face, four white Feet, a hanging flaxen Mane, a Sprig Tail, and is Ring'd.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

CHOICE *Barbados* RUM, *Muscovado* SUGAR, LIMES, and SINGLO TEA in Pound Canisters, to be Sold by Wholesale, by

Lancelot Jacques.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away the 12th of *September* last, from the Copper Works, near *Seneca* Creek in *Frederick* County, *Maryland*, a Convict Servant Man, named *John Rantz*, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, a strong well made Man of a swarthy Complexion, with black curl'd Hair, which he commonly combs back, has five blue Spots on one Hand pricked in with Gunpowder, is about 27 Years of Age, and has been a Soldier. Had on and took with him, an old Hat of a Copper Colour, with a mourning Band round it, a brown Kersey or Cloth Waistcoat, a checkered Jacket, and a blue one, without Sleeves, two Oznabrigs Shirts, and one old Check Shirt, two Pair of Oznabrigs Trowsers, a Pair of Mens Shoes, and a Pair of Stitch Downs, a Pair of striped Duffil Blankets, two Hides of tann'd Leather, and an Iron Needle, such as Miners use in blowing of Rocks. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to *James Perry*, near the said Works at *Rock* Creek, in *Frederick* County, or to *John Bond*, in *Baltimore* County, shall have Five Pounds Reward, if taken out of this Province; and Two Pistoles if taken in the Province; besides what the Law allows, paid by

James Perry,
John Bond.

N. B. It is supposed he has got a false Pass.

October 19, 1754.

ALL Persons indebted to *Foster Cunliffe*, Esq; and Sons, for Dealings with the Subscriber, and others of their Agents, at *Oxford*, and to himself, are desired immediately to come and settle their Accounts, and make speedy Payment. As he intends for *England* this Winter, or early in the Spring, he cannot put up with further Delays, but will be obliged to call upon such as neglect this Notice in a Way he would choose to avoid. Whoever have Demands upon him, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be discharged.

He has a large Quantity of *European* Goods suitable to the Season, and a Quantity of good *Isle of May* Salt, to sell, at reasonable Rates.

John Hanmer.

CORNELIUS GARRETSON,

Leather Breeches Maker, from Philadelphia, *now living in the same Shop with Mr.* Waters, *Soldier, near the Church, in* Annapolis;

MAKES Leather Breeches of all Sorts, in the best Manner, as well and cheap as can be had in *Philadelphia*; having brought with him a large Quantity of good well-dress'd Buck-Skins.

N. B. He has great Variety of Men and Womens Wash-Leather Gloves, to sell.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in *Charles-street*; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this PAPER; and where ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and a Shilling *per* Week after for Continuance; And BOOK-BINDING is performed in the neatest Manner.